# Electrical Energy Storage Progress and Promise

### IMRE GYUK, PROGRAM MANAGER ENERGY STORAGE RESEARCH, DOE

Gaithersburg 16-09-10

Without technological breakthroughs in efficient, large scale Energy Storage, it will be difficult to rely on intermittent renewables for much more than 20-30% of our Electricity. Secretary Chu, Feb. 2010

The need for regulation services can dramatically increase as the amount of variable renewable resources is increased. Local storage is among the best means to ensure we can reliably integrate renewable energy resources into the grid. *Chairman Wellinghoff, FERC, March 2010* 

Transmission and storage capacity are key issues for energy resource planning. If you like wind power, you have to love transmission and storage. *Terry Boston , CEO, PJM, June 2010*  Energy Storage provides Energy

### when it is needed

just as Transmission provides Energy

where it is needed

### Stored vs. Delivered Energy:

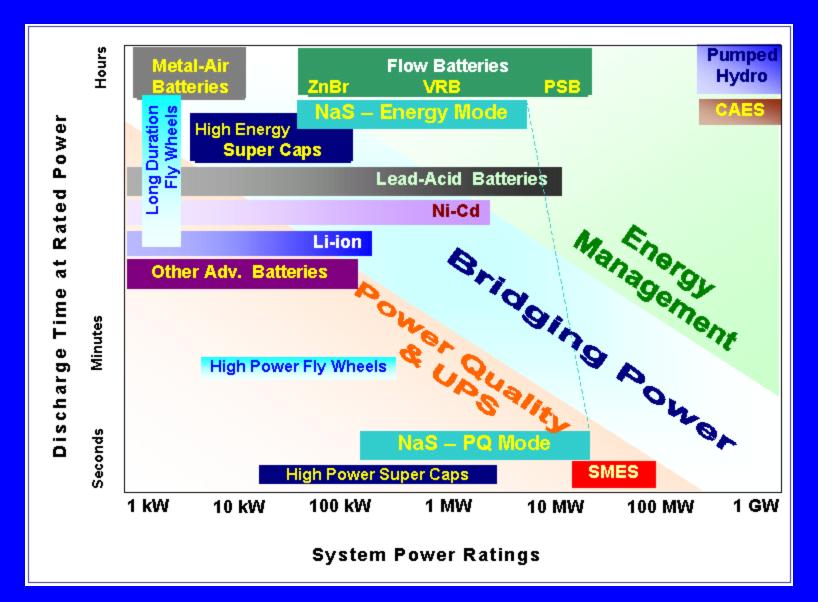
2.5% U.S

10% Europe

15% Japan

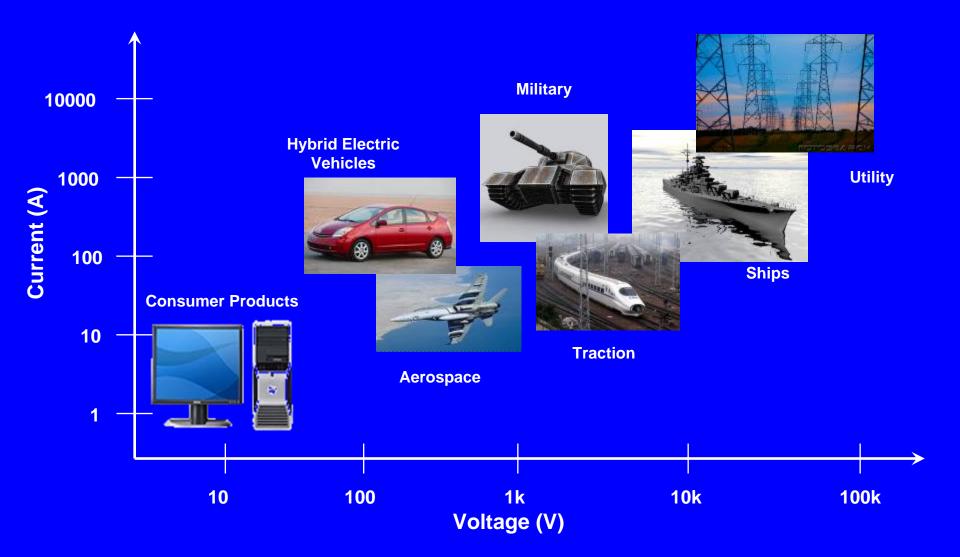
Which Country has most Outages?

### **Storage Technologies and Regimes of Application**



A. Nourai

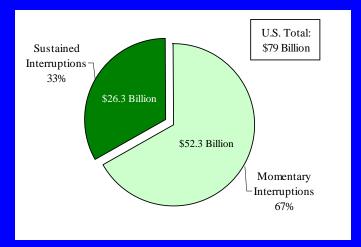
### **Scales of Power**



# RELIABILITY AND POWER QUALITY

### Has Become a Necessity for the Digital Society

Commercial



Outage Costs for U.S. Industry estimated at \$79 Billion Annually in a recent study by Joe Eto, LBL

Total U.S. Cost of Electricity \$250 Billion Annually

#### Momentary Interruptions (<5min) are More Costly than Sustained Interruptions





10 MW - 30 sec at Microchip Plant

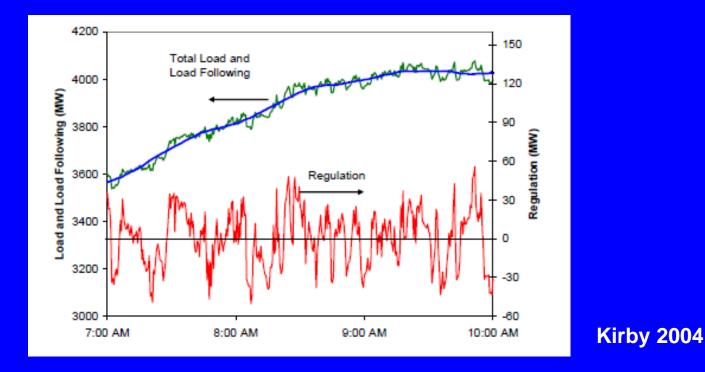
40 MW in Fairbanks, Alaska

# **VOLTAGE and FREQUENCY**

## REGULATION

Market ready

# Grid Frequency Regulation with Fast Storage:



Current method to balance constantly shifting load fluctuation is to vary the frequency and periodically adjust generation in response to an ISO signal. Fast storage can respond instantaneously!



Regulation by fast storage may be twice as effective as gas turbines (Y. Makarov, PNNL, )

Flywheels yield a 70-80% Reduction in CO2 emission over present methods (Fioravanti, KEMA, 2007)

For 20% wind in CA , Frequency Regulation needs will double CAISO 2x 100kW/15 min Flywheel system Demos

#### CEC / DOE and NYSERDA / DOE



2 x 1MW / 15 min Flywheels in NE-ISO



4 x 1MW / 15min Li-Ion in PJM. CA-ISO

FERC Order 890, requires ISOs to develop tariffs, market rule, and control algorithms, to open markets for new technologies to provide ancillary services

### ARRA - Beacon Power: 20MW Flywheel Storage for Frequency Regulation in PJM



20 MW Flywheel System in NY State initiated with DOE Loan Guarantee 2 more 20 MW systems proposed (flywheels and Li-lon)

### **PEAK SHAVING**

### **ENERGY MANAGEMENT**

## **UPGRADE DEFERRAL**

Near commercial



#### Charleston, WV Appalachian Power Substation – AEP / DOE Project, June 2006

### 1.2 MW / 6hr NaS Battery for Substation Support

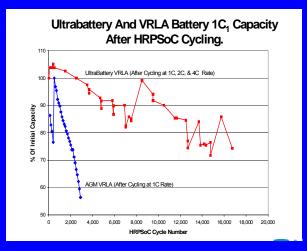




3 x 2MW for Substation Support, and Reliability during 2009



#### ARRA - East Penn: 3MW Frequency Regulation + 1MW / 1hr Demand Management Using new Lead-Carbon Technology



#### **Testing at Sandia**



**Battery Stacks** 



New >200MW East Penn Battery Manufacturing Plant at Lyon Station, PA

#### 5 Distributed Projects = 9MW in Stimulus Package

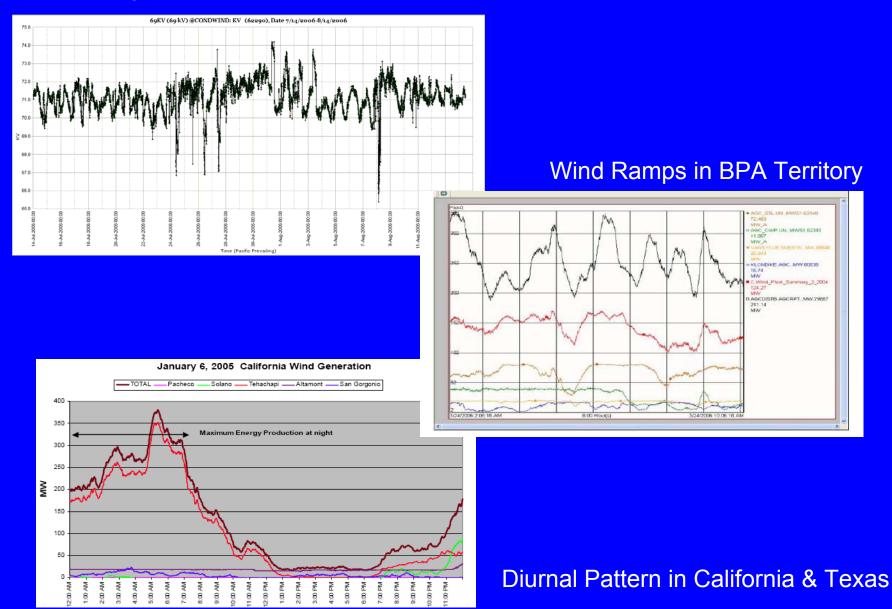
### **RENEWABLES DISPATCH**

## **SMOOTHING, RAMPING,**

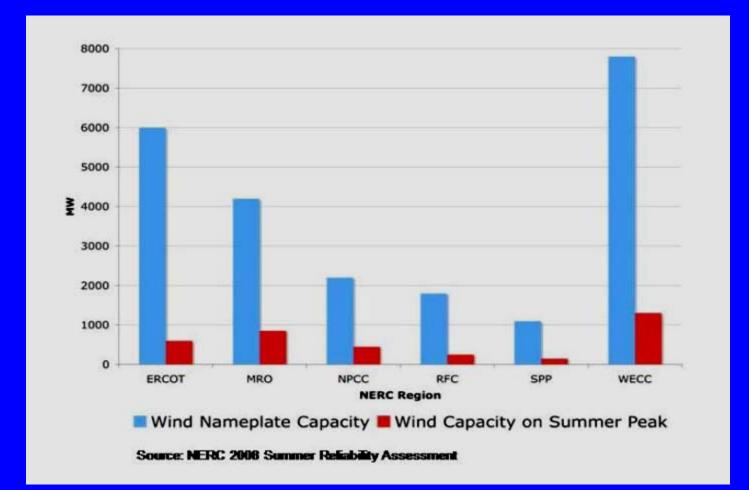
# and PEAK SHIFTING

increasingly considered

#### Grid Voltages near Condon, OR, Windfarm



### **On Peak Wind - the Reality**



### **Diurnal Storage for Wind and Solar**



Xcell's 1MW / 6hr Sodium-Sulfur Facility Luverne, Minn. Complementing 11 MW Wind



Rokkasho, Japan: 34 MW / 7 hr NaS Storage Complementing 51 MW Wind



25 kW / 2 hrs 15 year life time Utility dispatchable

### **ARRA- Primus Power:**

# 25MW / 3hr battery plant for the Modesto, CA Irrigation District, firming 50MW of Wind, replacing \$75M of Gas fired Generation.



3 Large Battery + Wind Projects = 53MW in Stimulus Package!

### Compressed Air Energy Storage CAES

Inexpensive Off-Peak Power to Compress Air for Storage in Aquifers, Salt Domes or Caverns. On-Peak, Compressed Air is used as Input for Gas Turbine Compressor, increasing Efficiency

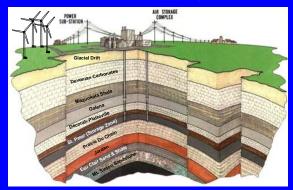
#### Huntdorf, Germany, 290 MW



McIntosh, Alabama, 110 MW



Iowa Stored Energy Park, 268 MW 2000 MW of wind in region



### **ARRA - NYSEG:**

180 MW / 10hr Compressed Air Energy Storage Facility in Watkins Glen, NY

Layered Salt formation Gas Pipe Line Transmission Line Installed Wind Generation

PROPOSED CAES

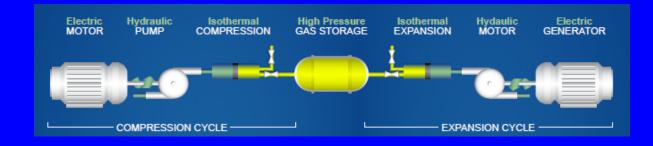
BUBLIC DING



#### 2 CAES Projects = 450MW in Stimulus Package!

### **ARRA - SustainX:**

#### Development of Isothermal Compressed Air Energy Storage Using Hydraulics





Experimental isothermal efficiency of 94.9% is achieved with the use of SustainX's technology as compared with 54% for an adiabatic technique.

### **Pumped Storage Hydro-Electric Power**



US – 20 GW EU – 32 GW US Proposed: 15-30 GW Ameren: Taum Sauk, Missouri, 440MW re-commissioned May, 2010



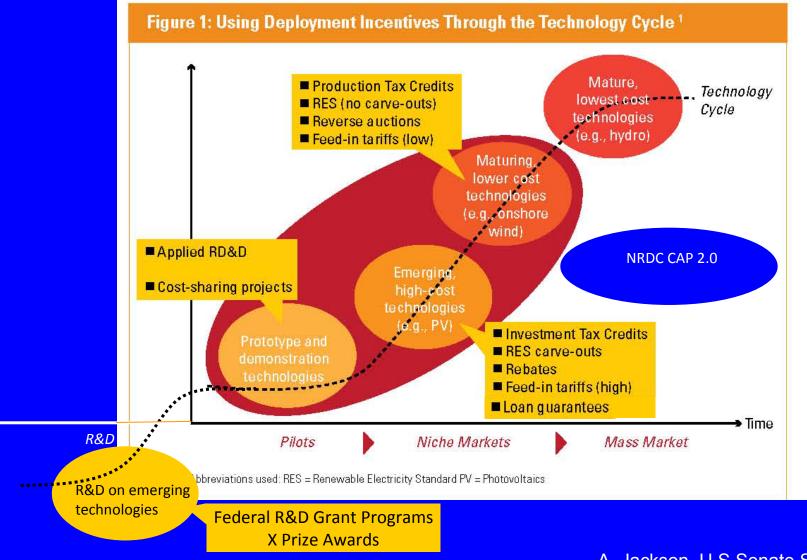
Grasslands Plan: 3000 MW aggregated wind 300 MW pumped hydro → Green Baseload Energy ARRA Stimulus Funding for Storage Demonstration Projects (\$185M)

A ten-fold Increase in Power Scale!

Large Battery System (3 projects,53MW) Compressed Air (2 projects, 450MW) Frequency Regulation (20MW) Distributed Projects (5 projects,9MW) Technology Development (5 projects)

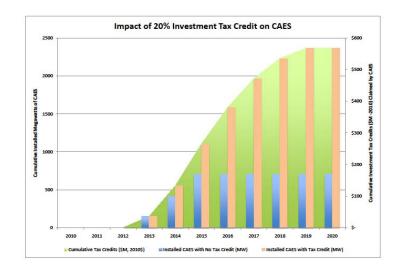
\$585M Costshare!

#### Goal: Reliable Energy Storage Technologies that are <u>Economically Viable for Widespread Deployment</u>



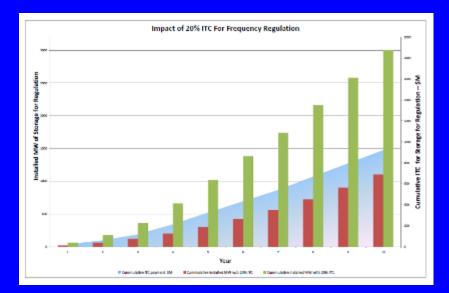
A. Jackson, U.S Senate Staff

### **Industry 10 year Expectations**



#### Without Investment Tax Credit

1,500 MW Pumped Hydro
700 MW CAES
1,500 MW Renewable Integr.
12,000 MW T&D Support
1,100 MW Frequency Reg.
2,100 MW Thermal Storage



20% Investment Tax Credit for Storage Facilities Currently considered in Congress

### **Our Goal is to make**

# **Energy Storage**

# Ubiquitous

### on the Electric Grid!!

### **RESOURCES:**

www.sandia.gov/ess

www.electricitystorage.org

**EPRI/DOE Energy Storage Handbook** 

DOE Program Review, Nov. 2-4, DC

### Electro-Thermal Energy Storage Peak Shifting Southern California Public

Inexpensive Off-Peak Power to make ice or chill Water. On-Peak, energy is used to displace large numbers of 3 phase inductive motor loads for compressors.

Market ready, relatively low cost, high round trip energy efficiency, long life.

Credit Suisse, NY - NYSERDA & CALMAC 1 MW, 2 Gigawatt hours peak shift annually



Southern California Public Power Authority Member Utilities & Ice Energy 53 MW for 6 hours daily during summer peak 63 Gigawatt hours peak shift annually



Princeton University, NJ 8 MW Turbine Inlet Cooling & District Cooling

